

Kakutani S Fixed Point Theorem University Of Delaware

On Kakutani's Fixed Point Theorem, the K-K-M-S Theorem and the Core of a Balanced Game
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Topics in Fixed Point Theory
Fixed Point Theory in Ordered Sets and Applications

Kakutani fixed-point theorem | Wikipedia audio article
[Wikipedia]
Kakutani-fixed-point-theorem
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A beautiful combinatorical proof of the Brouwer Fixed Point Theorem - Via Sperner's Lemma
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Banach Fixed Point Theorem
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From the archives: Robert F. Kennedy on "Face the Nation" in 1967
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Ju0026 Analysis: winding number, big fixed point theorems, 3-25-19 part 2

Kakutani S Fixed Point Theorem

The Kakutani fixed point theorem can be used to prove the minimax theorem in the theory of zero-sum games.This application was specifically discussed by Kakutani's original paper. Mathematician John Nash used the Kakutani fixed point theorem to prove a major result in game theory. Stated informally, the theorem implies the existence of a Nash equilibrium in every finite game with mixed ...

<div><div></div><div>Kakutani fixed-point theorem - Wikipedia</div></div>
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<div><div></div><div>Shizuo Kakutani's Fixed Point Theorem</div></div>

KAKUTANI ' S FIXED POINT THEOREM
Theorem: Let

X

{\displaystyle X}

 be closed, bounded, and convex. For every

x
∈
X

{\displaystyle x\in X}

 let

F
(
x
)

{\displaystyle F(x)}

 be a non-empty, convex subset of

X

{\displaystyle X}

. Assume that the graph of the set-valued functions is closed in

X
×
X

{\displaystyle X\times X}

. Then there exists a point

x

∗

{\displaystyle x^{*}}

 such that

F
(

x

∗
)
=
{

x

∗
}

{\displaystyle F(x^{*})=\{x^{*}\}}

.

<div><div></div><div>KAKUTANI ' S FIXED POINT THEOREM - University of Delaware</div></div>

In mathematical analysis, the Kakutani fixed-point theorem is a fixed-point theorem for set-valued functions. It provides sufficient conditions for a set-valued function defined on a convex , compact subset of a Euclidean space to have a fixed point , i.e. a point which is mapped to a set containing it.

<div><div></div><div>Kakutani fixed-point theorem - Infogalactic: the planetary ...</div></div>
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Kakutani's fixed point theorem: It<p>In [mathematical analysis], the [Kakutani fixed-point theorem] is a [fixed-point theorem] [... World Heritage Encyclopedia, the aggregation of the largest online encyclopedias available, and the most definitive collection ever assembled.

<div><div></div><div>Kakutani's fixed point theorem Project Gutenberg Self ...</div></div>

Kakutani's fixed point theorem is classically equivalent to Brouwer's fixed point theorem. The constructive proof of (an approximate) Brouwer's fixed point theorem relies on a finite combinatorial argument: consequently we must restrict our attention to uniformly continuous functions.

<div><div></div><div>[1611.02531] Kakutani's fixed point theorem in ...</div></div>
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Kakutani ' s Fixed Point Theorem is a powerful generalization of Brouwer ' s Fixed Point Theorem. It has several deep and important corollaries in economics, which include: the Arrow-Debreu theorem, which proves the existence of a general equilibrium of an economy under certain assumptions.

<div><div></div><div>Kakutani ' s Fixed Point Theorem Alexander Adam Azzam</div></div>

In mathematics, the Markov-Kakutani fixed-point theorem, named after Andrey Markov and Shizuo Kakutani, states that a commuting family of continuous affine self-mappings of a compact convex subset in a locally convex topological vector space has a common fixed point.

<div><div></div><div>Markov–Kakutani fixed-point theorem - Wikipedia</div></div>

Kakutani ' s Fixed Point Theorem
Theorem 3. (Thm. 3.4 ' . Kakutani ' s Fixed Point Theorem)
Let

X

{\displaystyle X}

 be a non-empty, compact, convex set and

f
:
X
→
X

{\displaystyle f\colon X\rightarrow X}

 be an upper hemi-continuous correspondence with non-empty, convex, compact values. Then

f

{\displaystyle f}

 has a fixed point in

X

{\displaystyle X}

. Proof. (sketch)
Here, the idea is to use Brouwer ' s theorem after appropriately approximating the correspondence with a function.

<div><div></div><div>Kakutani's Fixed Point Theorem Theorem 3 Thm 34 Kakutani's ...</div></div>
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Equivalent forms of the Brouwer fixed point theorem
I Idzik, Adam. Kulpa, Wladyslaw, and Ma kowiak, Piotr, Topological Methods in Nonlinear Analysis, 2014
Existence of Solutions of a Nonlocal Elliptic System via Galerkin Method
Cabada, Alberto and Corréa, Francisco
Julio S. A., Abstract and Applied Analysis, 2012

<div><div></div><div>Kakutani ' s Fixed Point Theorem</div></div>
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A generalization of Brouwer ' s fixed point theorem
Kakutani theorem
Let

S
⊆

R

n

{\displaystyle S\subseteq \mathbb {R} ^{n}}

, let

S
∗

{\displaystyle S^{*}}

 be the set of its subsets, and let

f
:
X
→

S
∗

{\displaystyle f\colon X\rightarrow S^{*}}

 be an upper semi-continuous mapping such that for each

x
∈
X

{\displaystyle x\in X}

, the set

f
(
x
)

{\displaystyle f(x)}

 is non-empty, closed and convex.

<div><div></div><div>Kakutani theorem - Encyclopedia of Mathematics</div></div>
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Section 5.3. Fixed Point Theorems: Brouwer ' s and Kakutani ' s
We have already studied fixed points for the very special case of contraction mappings. Here we study them for general functions as well as for correspondences.
Definition 1
Let

X

{\displaystyle X}

 be a nonempty set and

f
:
X
→

S
∗

{\displaystyle f\colon X\rightarrow S^{*}}

. A point

x
∈
X

{\displaystyle x\in X}

 is a fixed point of

f

{\displaystyle f}

 if

f
(
x
)
=
x

{\displaystyle f(x)=x}

.

<div><div></div><div>Economics 204 Summer/Fall 2011 Section 5.3. Fixed Point ...</div></div>

The following, Kakutani's fixed-point theorem for correspondences (Th. 1.10.2 in Debreu, 1959), can be derived from Brouwer's Fixed Point Theorem via a continuous selection argument.

<div><div></div><div>HET: Fixed-Point Theorems</div></div>

Kakutani's fixed-point theorem is quite similar to Brouwer's fixed point theorem - the main difference is that Brouwer speaks about single-valued functions and Brouwer about multi-valued functions. There is a way to go from multi-valued functions to single-valued ones - it is Michael's selection theorem.

<div><div></div><div>Reducing Kakutani's fixed-point theorem to Brouwer's using ...</div></div>
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In order to apply the Kakutani fixed point theorem to

G

{\displaystyle G}

, we must show that

G

{\displaystyle G}

 is upper semicontinuous. Since

S

∗

{\displaystyle S^{*}}

 is compact, we will show that the graph of

G

{\displaystyle G}

 is closed. Let

(
y
,
z
)

{\displaystyle (y,z)}

 be a point in

S

∗

×

S

∗

{\displaystyle S^{*}\times S^{*}}

 which does not lie on the graph of

G

{\displaystyle G}

, i.e.,

z
∉

z

∗

G
(
y
)

{\displaystyle z\notin z^{*}G(y)}

. Then there exists an open neighborhood

V

{\displaystyle V}

 of

z

{\displaystyle z}

 in

S

∗

{\displaystyle S^{*}}

 which is disjoint from

G
(
y
)

{\displaystyle G(y)}

.

<div><div></div><div>Some applications of the Kakutani fixed point theorem ...</div></div>

Kakutani ' s Fixed Point Theorem
Kakutani ' s xed point theorem generalizes Brouwer ' s xed point theorem in two aspects. A point-to-point mapping is generalized to point-to-set mapping, and continuous mapping is generalized to upper semi-continuous mapping. Denition 2.1.

<div><div></div><div>KAKUTANI ' S FIXED POINT THEOREM AND THE MINIMAX THEOREM IN ...</div></div>

Kakutani's fixed point theorem guarantees the existence of a fixed point if the following four conditions are satisfied.
is compact, convex, and nonempty.
is nonempty.